University of Rajasthan
Jaipur
SYLLABUS

M.A.

POLITICAL SCIENCE

(Annual Scheme)

Previous - 2016
Final - 2017
SCHEME OF EXAMINATION
(Annual Scheme)

Each Theory Paper 3 Hrs. Duration 100 Marks
Dissertation/Thesis/ Survey Report/Field Work, if any. 100 Marks

1. The number of papers and the maximum marks for each paper/practical shall be shown in the syllabus for the subject concerned. It will be necessary for a candidate to pass in the theory part as well as in practical part (wherever prescribed) of a subject/paper separately.

2. A candidate for a pass at each of the Previous and the Final Examinations shall be required to obtain:
(i) Atleast 36% marks in the aggregate of all the papers prescribed for the examination and
(ii) Atleast 36% marks in practical(s) wherever prescribed at the examination, provided that if a candidate fails to secure atleast 25% marks in each individual paper at the examination and also in the dissertation/Survey report/field work, wherever prescribed, he shall be deemed to have failed at the examination notwithstanding his having obtained the minimum percentage of marks required in the aggregate for that examination. No division will be awarded at the Previous and the Final Examination. Division shall be awarded at the end of the Final Examination on the combined marks obtained at the Previous and the Final Examination taken together, as noted below:

First Division 60% of the aggregate marks taken together of the Previous and the Final Examination.
Second Division 48%

All the rest will be declared to have passed the examination. If a candidate clears any Paper(s)/Practical(s)/Dissertation prescribed at the Previous and/or Final Examination after a continuous period of three years, then for the purpose of working out his division the minimum pass marks only viz. 25% (36% in the case of practical) shall be taken into account in respect of such Paper(s)/Practical(s)/Dissertation cleared after the expiry.
of the aforesaid period of three years; provided that in case where a candidate required more than 25% marks in order to reach the minimum aggregate as many mark out of those actually secured by him will be taken into account as would enable him to make up the deficiency in the requisite minimum aggregate.

4. The Thesis/Dissertation/Survey Report/Field Work shall be type-written and submitted in triplicate so as to reach the office of the Registrar atleast 3 weeks before the commencement of the theory examinations. Only such candidates shall be permitted to offer Dissertation/ Field Work/Survey Report/Thesis (if provided in the scheme of examination) in lieu of a paper as have secured atleast 55% marks in the aggregate of all the papers prescribed for the previous examination in the case of annual scheme irrespective of the number of papers in which a candidate actually appeared at the examination.

N.B. Non-collegiate candidate are not eligible to offer dissertation as per provisions of O. 170-A.
M.A. PREVIOUS

There shall be following four compulsory papers:
I. Western Political Thought
II. Indian Political Thought
III. International Politics
IV. Theory and Practice of Public Administration

एम.ए. पूर्वांक, राजनीति विज्ञान परीक्षा, 2011

आयोजित चार अनिवार्य प्रश्न-पत्र होंगे:
I. पश्चिमी राजनीतिक चिन्तन
II. भारतीय राजनीतिक चिन्तन
III. अन्तरराष्ट्रीय राजनीति
IV. लोकप्रशासन के सिद्धांत एवं व्यवहार

General Scheme of Question Papers

Each Question paper shall be of three hours duration and of 100 marks. Each question paper shall consist of three parts.

Part-I shall carry 20 marks and shall consist of 10 compulsory questions of 2 marks each to be answered in 20-25 words each.

Part II shall carry 20 marks and shall consist of 4 compulsory questions of 5 marks each to be answered in 150 words each.

Part III of the question paper shall carry 60 marks. This part shall be divided into 3 sections each comprising of 2 essay-type questions of 20 marks each. Candidates will be required to attempt one question from each section (3 questions in all, One from each section).

प्रश्न-पत्रों की सूची

प्रत्येक प्रश्न-पत्र तीन घंटे की अवधि का होगा तथा प्रत्येक प्रश्न-पत्र के अधिकतम 100 अंक होंगे। प्रत्येक प्रश्न-पत्र के 3 खण्ड होंगे।

प्रथम खण्ड 20 अंकों का होगा। इस खण्ड में 2 अंकों के 10 अनिवार्य प्रश्न होंगे, जिनमें से प्रत्येक का उत्तर 20-25 शब्दों में अपेक्षित होगा।

द्वितीय खण्ड 20 अंकों का होगा। इस खण्ड में 5 अंकों के 4 अनिवार्य प्रश्न होंगे, जिनमें से प्रत्येक का उत्तर 150 शब्दों में अपेक्षित होगा।

तृतीय खण्ड 60 अंकों का होगा। इस खण्ड में तीन घंटे होंगे, जिनमें प्रत्येक में 20 अंकों के दो निबंधात्मक प्रश्न होंगे। परीक्षार्थी इस प्रत्येक खण्ड में से 1 प्रश्न का उत्तर अपेक्षित होगा।

(प्रत्येक खण्ड से 1 प्रश्न का चयन करते हुए कुल 3 प्रश्नों का उत्तर अपेक्षित होगा।)
General Scheme of Question Papers
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Part III of the question paper shall carry 60 marks. This part shall be divided into 3 sections each comprising of 2 essay-type questions of 20 marks each. Candidates will be required to attempt one question from each section (3 questions in all, One from each section).

प्रश्न-पत्रों की रूपरेखा
प्रत्येक प्रश्न-पत्र तीन घंटे की अवधि का होगा तथा प्रत्येक प्रश्न-पत्र के अधिकतम 100 अंक होंगे। प्रत्येक प्रश्न-पत्र के 3 खण्ड होंगे।
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समूह 'द': शासन व राजनीति

(i) तुर्कीय विश्व के देशों में धुलानामक शासन व राजनीति
(ii) विकासशील देशों में राजनीतिक व्यवस्था
(iii) परिचित एशिया में शासन व राजनीति (तुर्की, इरान, ईराक, मिस्र व इस्राइल)
(iv) अर्जेंटाइना, ब्राजील, मैकसीको, क्यूबा व चिली के विशिष्ट संदर्भ में लातिनी अमेरिका में शासन व राजनीति
(v) कनाडा में शासन व राजनीति

समूह 'च': भारतीय शासन व राजनीति

(i) आधुनिक भारतीय राजनीतिक चिन्तन
(ii) भारत में लोक प्रशासन
(iii) भारत में सामाजिक परिवर्तन तथा कानून व व्यवस्था का प्रशासन
(iv) भारत में राज्य-राजनीति
(v) भारत में निर्वाचनिक राजनीति
(vi) भारतीय राजनीति

समूह 'छ': समाज शास्त्र

(i) आधुनिक समाजशास्त्रीय विश्लेषण
(ii) सामाजिक नृविज्ञान
(iii) राजनीतिक समाजशास्त्र

समूह 'ज': अर्थशास्त्र

(i) अर्थशास्त्रीय अप्रमाण
(ii) आर्थिक नीति व प्रशासन
(iii) लोकशाही
(iv) आर्थिक विकास व निरोधण
(v) सांख्यकीय के तत्त्व
M.A. Final Examination

Compulsory Papers
(v) Modern Political Theory and Comparative Politics
(vi) Indian Government and Politics
(ix) Research Methodology
(vii) & (viii) Any two papers from any one of the following groups:

Optional Papers:
Group A—Political Theory
(i) (a) Greek Political Thought, OR
(ii) (b) Medieval Political Thought
(ii) (a) Contractualists OR
(ii) (b) Liberals
(iii) Socialist Thought
(iv) Ancient Indian Political Thought
(v) Modern Indian Political Thought
(vi) Gandhian Political Thought
Group B—International Politics:
(i) Public International Law
(ii) Theory and Practice of Diplomacy
(iii) Foreign Policies of U.S.A., Russia, U.K., China and India
(iv) West Asia in World Affairs
(v) Government and Politics of South-East Asia including Australia
(vi) Africa in World Affairs
(vii) International Organization
(viii) Govt. and Politics of South Asia
Group C—Public Administration
(i) Public Administration in India
(ii) Comparative Public Administration
(iii) Local Government in India and Abroad
(iv) District Administration in India, with special reference to Panchayati Raj
(v) Social Change and Administration of Law and Order in India
(vi) Administrative Thinkers
Group D—Government and Politics
  (i) Comparative Government and Politics in Countries of the Third World.
  (ii) Political System in Developing Countries.
  (iii) Government & Politics of West Asia (Turkey, Iran, Iraq, Egypt and Israel)
  (iv) Government and Politics of Latin America with special reference to Political System of Argentina, Brazil, Mexico, Cuba and Chile
  (v) Government and Politics in Canada

Group E—Indian Government
  (i) Modern Indian Political Thought
  (ii) Public Administration in India
  (iii) Social Change and Administration of Law and Order in India
  (iv) State Politics in India
  (v) Electoral Politics in India
  (vi) Indian Politics

Group F—Sociology
  (i) Modern Sociological Analysis
  (ii) Social Anthropology
  (iii) Political Sociology

Group G—Economics
  (i) Economic Systems
  (ii) Economic Policy and Administration
  (iii) Public Finance
  (iv) Economic Growth and Planning
  (v) Elements of Statistics
PAPER I - WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT

Section A


Section B


Section C

Idealists: Hegel and Green, Socialists: Karl 'Marx, Contemporary Liberals: JohnRawals, Robert Nozick.

प्रथम प्रथम प्रथम - पार्श्वाय राजनीतिक चित्तन

खण्ड - क

जीवन, संस्कृति क्रिया राजनीतिक संस्कृति के कारण में यूरोपीय सिद्धांत, कार्ल मॉर्स, यू.सी. व. अरस्तु, मध्यकालीन राजनीतिक चित्तन: संस्कार, अर्थ और सूचना.

खण्ड - ख

पुनर्जीवन: मेरिकावादी, संविदार्थी हंग्रेस, लोक रूप सार, उपयोगिता वादी, बेंथम व जॉन स्टूअर्ट मिल.

खण्ड - ग

प्रत्ययवादी: होगन, जॉन, समाजवादी कार्ल मार्क्स एवंलेनिन, समाजवादी उदारवादी: जॉन सॉल्स, रॉबर्ट नॉजिक

Recommended Books


V.R Metha: Hegel and the Modern State


R.G. Gettle, History of Political Thought, New York, Novell & Co. 1924.


प्रथम प्रथम प्रथम - पार्श्वाय राजनीतिक चित्तन

वर्तमान राजनीतिक चित्तन: जॉन सॉल्स के संस्कृति के न्याय का सिद्धांत

परम्परागत शर्त: पार्श्वाय राजनीतिक चित्तन का इतिहास

हरिद्वार के स्वदेशी: पार्श्वाय राजनीतिक चित्तन का इतिहास

माइकल अ.स्टॉर्स: राजनीतिक चित्तन के आधारों I हिंदी माध्यम कार्यन्वयन निदेशालय, दिल्ली विश्वविद्यालय

जॉर्ज अन. सेवार्ड, राजनीतिक दर्शन का इतिहास, एस.चांद परिकल्पना दिल्ली, 1982
PAPER II - INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT

Section A
Manu, Valmiki, Vyas, Kautilya.

Section B
Raja Ram Mohan Roy, Dayanand Saraswati, Vivekananda, Gokhale and Tilak.

Section C

खण्ड -क
मनु, वाल्मीकि, व्यास, कौटिल्य,

खण्ड -ख
राजाराम गोहन राव, दयानंद सरस्वती, विवेकानन्द, गोक्तले व तिलक

खण्ड - ग
मोहनदास कर्नाटक गांधी, एम.एन. राय व जवाहरलाल नेहरू, नीमसर अमंडकर एवं जयप्रकाश नारायण।

Recommended Books
D.D. Kosambi, Culture and Civilizations in Ancient India, Vikas, 1980
V.P. Verma, Studies in Hindu Political Thought and Its Metaphysical Foundations, Delhi, Motilal Banarsidass, 1974
Jha Rakesh Kumar, Religion, Dharma, and Polity, Concept Publication Ltd. New Delhi 2012
V.P. Varma, Modern Indian Political Thought, Laxmi Narain Agarwal, Agra
मथुरा रायम चानूरवे, भ्रुढ भारतीय राजनीतिक विचारक, कॉलेज बुक हाउस, जयपुर
राजस्थान समस्या, प्राचीन भारत में राजनीतिक विचार एवं संस्थायी, राजकमल प्रकाशन नई दिल्ली, 2010
राकेश कुमार जग्ग व महेंद्र गर्मी, प्राचीन भारतीय राजनीतिक विचार में प्रारम्भिक नियंत्रण का स्वरूप:
रितु पालकेश्वर जयपुर 2006
मंजु गर्मी, प्राचीन भारत में राजनीति (एक तुलनात्मक अध्ययन) आर.बी.एस पुस्तकेश्वर जयपुर 2007
भारतीय राजस्थान प्रपेटा, रायम लाल पाण्डेय, उत्तर प्रदेश हिंदी ग्रंथ अकादमी लखनऊ
प्राचीन भारतीय राजनीतिक विचार एवं संस्थाएं, परमालमार्ग, नीनाकी प्रकाशन मेधा
PAPER III - INTERNATIONAL POLITICS

Section A


Section B


Section C

Resurgence and Development of Asia, Africa and Latin America, End of Cold War, Reorganization of Europe, Globalization.

Regional Organization especially SAARC, ASEAN, BRICS, IBSA.

India's Role in International Affairs, India and her Neighbours, Non-Alignment and its changing patterns.

Major issues and trends in Contemporary International Politics.

प्रश्न—पत्र शृङ्गी — अन्तरराष्ट्रीय राजनीति

खण्ड—क

अन्तरराष्ट्रीय राजनीति के सिद्धांत एवं अध्ययन के उपागम: आदर्शवादी, धार्मिकवादी, व्यवस्था, निर्माण—निर्माण एवं व्यवस्था सिद्धांत

राष्ट्रीय शक्ति के तत्व एवं उद्देश्य

खण्ड—ख

राष्ट्रीय धित एवं राष्ट्रीय नीति: राजनीति, प्रभार एवं राजनीतिक युद्ध, राष्ट्रीय नीति के आधिकारिक राष्ट्रवाद: साम्राज्यवाद एवं नव—साम्राज्यवाद, युद्ध: युद्धों को प्रकृति, कारण एवं प्रकार, दैनिक अन्तर्गत, राष्ट्रीय शक्ति की सीमाएँ: शक्ति संयुक्त, सामुदायिक सुचार, अन्तरराष्ट्रीय विवादों का शास्त्रीय नियंत्रण, अन्तरराष्ट्रीय विविधता, नि: शासनकार: संयुक्त राष्ट्र संघ: लक्ष्य, उद्देश्य, संरचना एवं गृहिक, संरचनात्मक सुधारों का प्रश्न

खण्ड—ग

एशिया, अफ्रीका एवं अमेरिका का पुनर्गठन एवं विकास; शीत युद्ध का अंत, यूरोप का पुनर्गठन, ब्रिटिशसरकार

क्षेत्रीय संगठन, विशेषज्ञ: सार्क एवं आसियान, बिस्क, इस्लाम

अन्तरराष्ट्रीय मामलों में भारत की भूमिका: भारत एवं उसके पक्षी, युद्ध निर्माणकार के दृश्य युद्धें एवं प्रूफिटियों

Recommended Books:

14. जू.आर.पी—केएक्स आंतरराष्ट्रीय राजनीति विद्यालय तथा व्यवहार, न्यू पब्लिकेशन कंपनी जालंधर ।
15. जी.एन.सी—लिपाली अधिकार भारत की विदेश नीति, विकास पब्लिकेशन हाफ्स नोएडा ।
16. तत्त्व विश्लेषण: आंतरराष्ट्रीय संबंध, मेमोरियल, दिल्ली ।
17. पुष्पक पत्र: आंतरराष्ट्रीय संबंध ।

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PAPER-IV— THEORY AND PRACTICE OF PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

Section A


Principles of Organizations: Chief Executive and its Functions, Line and staff, Hierarchy, Span of Control, Delegation and Decentralization, Communication, Coordination and Supervision.

Section B

Organizational Patterns of Public Enterprises: Department, Corporation and Company; Problems of Public Enterprises, PPP (Public Private Partnership).

Section C


Legislative and Judicial Control over Administration, Right to Information, Lok Pal and Lokayukta, E-governance, Administrative Reforms.

प्रश्न—पत्र चतुर्थ— लोक प्रशासन के सिद्धांत एवं व्यवहार

खण्ड—क

लोक प्रशासन: अर्थ, क्षेत्र, प्रकृति एवं अध्ययन की पद्धतियों, निपटी एवं लोक प्रशासन, विशेषकरण का लोक प्रशासन पर प्रभाव, लोक-निपटी भागीदारी

संगठन सिद्धांत एवं उपाधियों: मूल्यांकनिक उपाधि, भागीदारी संयोग उपाधि, प्रशासनिक भेद, निर्णय-निर्माण का विश्लेषण

संगठन के सिद्धांत: परीक्षा कार्यालय एवं उसके कार्य, लाइन और स्टाफ, पदानुसार, नियंत्रण का क्षेत्र, प्रशासन द्वारा नियंत्रण एवं विक्रेताप्रशिक्षण, संचालन, समन्वय और परिक्षण

खण्ड—ख

लोक उद्योग के सामाजिक प्रावधान: विभाग, निगम एवं कंपनी, लोक उद्योग की समस्याएं, भी भी भी मॉडल (सार्वजनिक निजी सहभागिता)

खण्ड—ग

वित्तीय प्रशासन: बजट का निर्माण, अनुमोदन एवं क्रियान्विति, वित्त पर विभागीय नियंत्रण, लोक लेखा समीक्षा एवं प्रकाशित समीक्षा,

प्रशासन पर विभागीय एवं व्यक्तिगत नियंत्रण, सूचना का अधिकार, लोकपति एवं लोकायुक्त, ई-वर्तनीस प्रशासनिक सूचार

Recommended Books

M.P Sharma and Sadana “Theroy and Practice of Public Administration.”

Hyden Goran Court, Julius, Mease, Keneth, Making Sense of Governance Viva: New Delhi, 2010.

अवस्था व अवस्थी : लोक प्रशासन के सिद्धांत व व्यवहार
बी.एल.फड़ियार, लोक प्रशासन: सिद्धांत एवं व्यवहार
पी.डी.शर्मा, हरिश चन्द्र शर्मा, लोक प्रशासन सिद्धांत व व्यवहार
ए.पी.शर्मा, बी.एल.सड़काना, लोक प्रशासन सिद्धांत व व्यवहार
अनिवार्य प्रश्न-पत्र

(v) आधुनिक राजनीतिक सिद्धांत एवं तुलनात्मक राजनीति
(vi) भूप्राणी शासन और राजनीति
(b) साहित्य प्रविधि

वैकल्पिक प्रश्न-पत्र

(vii) अप्राकृत समूहों में से किसी एक समूह के दो प्रश्न-पत्र : समूह 'अ' : राजनीतिक सिद्धांत

(i) (क) नूतनी राजनीतिक चिन्तन : अध्याय
(ii) (ख) मध्यपुर्वी राजनीतिक चिन्तन
(iii) (च) संविदास्वरूप : अध्याय
(iv) (छ) उदाहरण करण
(v) सामाजिक राजनीतिक चिन्तन
(vi) सामाजिक राजनीतिक चिन्तन
(vii) राजनीतिक सिद्धांत (मास्क से अद्यावत)

समूह 'ब' : अंतर्राष्ट्रीय राजनीति

(i) लोक अंतरराष्ट्रीय विधि
(ii) राजनय के सिद्धांत व व्यवहार
(iii) संयुक्त राज्य अमेरिका, रूस, ब्रिटेन, चीन व भारत की विदेशी नीतियाँ
(iv) विश्व-संबंधों में पंथियती शिक्षा
(v) आंतर्राष्ट्रीय सहित दक्षिण-पूर्व एशिया में शासन व राजनीति
(vi) विश्व संबंधों में अफ्रीका
(vii) अंतरराष्ट्रीय संगठन
(viii) दक्षिण एशिया में शासन व राजनीति

समूह 'स' : लोक प्रशासन

(i) भारत में लोक प्रशासन
(ii) तुलनात्मक लोक प्रशासन
(iii) भारत व विदेशों में स्वायत्त शासन
(iv) पंचायती राज के विशिष्ट संदर्भ में भारत में जिला प्रशासन
(v) भारत में सामाजिक परिवर्तन तथा कानून व व्यवस्था का प्रशासन
(vi) प्रशासनिक विचारक
ბოლო და ტახტით (A)
ბოლო და ბუმბულ ფეხმარი (M)
ბითობა (M)
ბებია და ბუმბულ ფეხმარი (M)
ბებია და ბუმბულ ფეხმარი (M)

მეგობრები: ირ, იტი

შუღლა იყო (M)

შუღლი იყო (M)

შუღლა იყო (M)

შუღლა იყო (M)

შუღლა იყო (M)

შუღლა იყო (M)

შუღლა იყო (M)

შუღლა იყო (M)

შუღლა იყო (M)

შუღლა იყო (M)

შუღლა იყო (M)

შუღლა იყო (M)
M.A. Final Examination

Compulsory Papers
(v) Modern Political Theory and Comparative Politics
(vi) Indian Government and Politics
(ix) Research Methodology
(vii) & (viii) Any two papers from any one of the following groups:

Optional Papers:

Group A—Political Theory
(i) (a) Greek Political Thought, OR
(ii) (b) Medieval Political Thought
(ii) (a) Contractualists OR
(ii) (b) Liberals
(ii) Socialist Thought
(iv) Ancient Indian Political Thought
(v) Modern Indian Political Thought
(vi) Gandhian Political Thought

Group B—International Politics:
(i) Public International Law
(ii) Theory and Practice of Diplomacy
(iii) Foreign Policies of U.S.A., Russia, U.K., China and India
(iv) West Asia in World Affairs
(v) Government and Politics of South-East Asia including Australia
(vi) Africa in World Affairs
(vii) International Organization
(viii) Govt. and Politics of South Asia

Group C—Public Administration
(i) Public Administration in India
(ii) Comparative Public Administration
(iii) Local Government in India and Abroad
(iv) District Administration in India, with special reference to Panchayati Raj
(v) Social Change and Administration of Law and Order in India
(vi) Administrative Thinkers
Group D—Government and Politics
(i) Comparative Government and Politics in Countries of the Third World.
(ii) Political System in Developing Countries.
(iii) Government & Politics of West Asia (Turkey, Iran, Iraq, Egypt and Israel)
(iv) Government and Politics of Latin America with special reference to Political System of Argentina, Brazil, Mexico, Cuba and Chiles.
(v) Government and Politics in Canada

Group E—Indian Government
(i) Modern Indian Political Thought
(ii) Public Administration in India
(iii) Social Change and Administration of Law and Order in India
(iv) State Politics in India
(v) Electoral Politics in India
(vi) Indian Politics

Group F—Sociology
(i) Modern Sociological Analysis
(ii) Social Anthropology
(iii) Political Sociology

Group G—Economics
(1) Economic System
(2) Economic Policy and Administration
(3) Public Finance
(4) Economic Growth and Planning
(5) Elements of Statistics
M.A. Final Examination

General Notes: Each Question paper shall contain nine questions in all i.e., three questions from each section. Candidates shall be required to answer five Questions in all selecting at least one Question from each section. Each question paper shall be of three hours duration and shall carry 100 maximum marks.

Paper V - Modern Political Theory and Comparative Politics

Section A
Recent Trends in Political Theory: Shift from Traditional to Modern
Behaviouralism, Post Behaviouralism; Development of Political Science.
Systems Theory (Easton); Structural Functional (Almond and Coleman)

Section B
Political Modernization and Political Development; Political Socializaton, and Political Culture, Group Theory, Distributive Approach (Lasswell)

Section C
Institutions and Dynamics- Democracy and Dictatorship, Parliamentary and Presidential, Federal and Unitary, types of government, Organs of Government their functions and interrelationships, Party system, Pressure groups and Public opinion.
Recommended Books

Gould and Thursby (ed.) Contemporary Political Thought.
James, C. Charlesworth: (ed.) Contemporary, Political analysis.
Engene J. Meehan: Contemporary Political Thought A Critical Study.
K. R. Memouse and Crespiny: Contemporary Political Philosophers.
S. P. Verma: Modern Political Theory.
M. Crasson: The New Left.
J. C. Johari: Contemporary Political Theory.
S. E. Finer: Comparative Government.
C. J. Friederich: Constitutional Government and Democracy.
Arnold Brecht: Political theory: Foundations of Twentieth Century Political Thought.
Ronald Young (ed.): Approaches to the study of the Political Science. David Eston: Framework for Political Analysis.
Austin (Ed.): Essays on the Behavioural Study of policy.
David Easton: The Political System: An Enquiry into the State of Political Science.
Dant Germino: Beyond Ideology: Revival of Political Theory.
Eugene J. Mechan: The Theory and Method of Political Analysis.

एस.पी. वर्मा: आधुनिक राजनीतिक विद्वानत
एस.एस. वर्मा: आधुनिक राजनीतिक विद्वानत
हरिषंकर शर्मा: आधुनिक राजनीतिक विद्वानत
सी.बी. गेमा: न्यायालंकार राजनीतिक संस्थाएं।

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Paper VI—Indian Government and Politics

Section A


Section B

The Supreme Court and Judicial Review, Public Interest litigation and Judicial activism, Amendment of the Constitution, Union-State Relations, Office of the Governor and Politics of President's Rule, Regionalism and National Integration.

Section C

Political Parties, Elections and Voting behavior, Need for electoral reforms, Politics of Caste, Class, Communalism and Language, Secularism, Problem of Minorities, Problem of Social and Economic Justice, Role of Media in Indian Politics.

Recommended Books:

Granville Austin: The Indian Constitution: Cornerstone of Nation.
Rajani Kothari : Politics in India.
K.L. Kamal: Democratic Politics in India.
Manju Singh : Assam Politics of Migration and quest for identity.
Iqbal Narain: Indian Government and Politics.
Bhawani Singh : Politics of Alienation in Assam.
Bhawani Singh Council of States in India.
V. R. Mehta: Ideology Modernisation & Politics in India.
Upendra Baxi: The Indian Supreme Court.
J.R. Siwach: Politics of President’s Rule in India.
Rakhahari Chatterjee: Union, Politics and the State.
Ghanshyam Shah: Politics of Scheduled Castes & Scheduled Tribes.
Mín Shákir: Politics of Minorities.
J.R. Siwach Constituent Assembly.
Shakdhar: Parliamentary Practice in India.
Paul Wallace & Surendra Chopra: Political Dynamics of Punjab.
Myron Weinar: Party Politics in India - The Development of Multiparty System.
Myron Weinar: Politics of Scarcity Public Pressure and Political Response in India.
एल.एल.शिखरी: भारत का संविधान: चुनावियाँ उत्तर
एल.एल.जैन: भारतीय संविधान व राजनीति
पी.पी. रॉय: भारतीय राजनीति के मूल तत्त्व
रामगोपाल चुरुईदी: सांख्यिकीय दर्शन (तीन क्षण)
एल.एल. राय: भारतीय राजनीति व राजनीति
बी.एल. फार्डिया: भारतीय राजनीति व राजनीति
राजनी कोठारी: भारत में राजनीति
Section-A


Section-B

Formulation of Research, Problem: Research Designs: Experimental Research Designs; Concepts and Hypothesis; Selection of Universe: Source of data: Primary and Secondary, Sampling: Techniques of data-collection; Observations, Questionnaire and Schedule,

Section-C

Concept of Property and Space: Coding and Tabulation; Data Analysis Report Writing; Theory Building in Political Science.

Recommended Books:

Karl Popper: The Logic of Scientific Discovery.
Kenneth Janda: Data Processing: Application to Political Research.
I. Villiman Buchman: Understanding Political Variables.
Thomas A. Sprangens: The Dilemma of Contemporary Political Theory: Toward a Post-Behavioural Science of Politics.
Russell L. Ackoff: The Design of Social Research.
Meehan: The Foundation of Political Analysis: Empirical and Normative,
Dr. B.M. Jam: Research Methodology.
S.L. Verma: साज्जीवति विधान में अनुसंधान प्रविष्टि।
Any two papers from any one of following groups can be offered.

Group A: POLITICAL THEORY

General Note: Each Question paper shall contain nine questions ii all i.e. three questions from each section. Candidates shall be required t answer five Questions in all selecting at least one Question from each Section Each question paper shall be of three hours duration and shall carry 10( maximum marks.

समूह-अ : राजनीतिक शिक्षा

सामान्य टिप्पणीः प्रत्येक प्रश्न-पत्र में कुल नौ प्रश्न होंगे। प्रश्न पत्र के तीन खण्डों में तीन-तीन प्रश्न होंगे। परीक्षार्थियों को प्रत्येक खण्ड से कम से कम एक प्रश्न का चयन करते हुए कुल पूर्ण प्रश्न इतने करने होंगे। प्रत्येक प्रश्न पत्र तीन घंटे की अवधि का होगा तथा प्रत्येक प्रश्न-पत्र के अधिकतम अंक 100 होंगे।

समूह-अ : राजनीतिक शिक्षा

अ— (i) (क) ग्रीक राजनीतिक चितन

(i) प्लाटो—रिपब्लिक
(ii) अरस्तू—पॉसिटिविस्टिक
(iii) Group A - (i) (a) Greek Political Thought. Study of the following texts:
(iv) (i) Plato—Republic
(v) (ii) Aristotle—Politics

(vi) Recommended Books

(vii) Ernest Barker, Greek Political Theory Plato and his predece$$ London 1951.
(xii) 1950, Part I.

अथवा

अ—(ii) (ख) क्षेत्रप्रमाण राजनीतिक चितन
OR

(i) Medieval Political Thought:

With reference to the Original writings of St Augustine St. Th( Acquinas, and Marschilio of Padua.

Recommended Books:


W. Dunning: A History of Political Theories : Ancient and Med eik, F.J.0 Hernshaw (ed.):

Social and Political Ideas of some Great Me Thinkers

Syllabus M.A. Political Science


John Neville Figgis : Studies of Political Thought, from Gerson to Grotious

अ—(ii) (क) सविदायवादी

सविदायवादी विद्वानों की मूल कृतियों के संदर्भ में अध्ययन—कृतियों

(i) हाब्स—लेवियान

(ii) लॉक— द ट्रावटेज ऑफ रिवल गवर्नमेंट

(iii) रुसो— सोसैल कॉन्ट्रक्ट

— ऐसे आं इनाइकेंटीटी

(A) (ii) (a) Contractualists

With reference to the original writings of Cont+actualists. Texts

(i) Hobbes - Leviathan

(ii) Locke - Two Treatises on Civil Government

(iii) Rousseau - Social Contract

— Essay on Inequality.

Recommended Books

Leo Strauss : The Political Philosophy of Hobbes. In Basis and Genesis. Warrender:

Political Philoophy of Thomas Hobbes.

Christopher Hill : Puritanism and Revolution.


John Bowl : Hobbes and High Critics: A Study in Seventeenth Century Constiuiationalism

JW. Geough: John Locke's Political Philosophy.
Alfred Cobban: Rousseau and the Modern State.
E. Wright: The Meaning of Rousseau.

अ—(ii) (v) उदारवादी
अग्राकित उदारवादी
अग्राकित उदारवादी सिद्धांतों की मूल कृतियों के सन्दर्भ में अध्ययन:
कृतियाँ :
(i) बेंथम—रोक्सोफ्टस ऑन गवर्नमेंट
(ii) जे.एस.मिल—यूटिलिटरियानिज्म, ऑन लिबर्टी
(iii) टी.एच.ग्रीन—लेक्सर्स ऑफ विश्वेयल्स ऑफ पोलिटिकल ऑफिसनेशन
(iv) (b) Liberals

With reference to the Original writings of the following Texts
(i) Bentham-Fragments on Government.
(ii) J.S. Mill-Utilitarianism, on Liberty.
(iii) T.H. Green-Lectures on Principles of Political Obligations.

Recommended Books:
Lester Sephen : The English Utilitarians.
Karl Briton : John Stuart Mill.

अ— (iii) समाजवादी विचार

खुल्चा —व

मार्क्स से पूर्ववार्ती समाजवादी परम्परा: थॉमस मूर, विलियम गॉडविन, संत साइमन, वार्ल्स कोरियर, सर्वोत्तम ऑवन,

खुल्चा —ख

मार्क्स, लेनिन, स्टालिन व गाओ के विचार व योगदान

खुल्चा —न

प्रोटक्स, बाकूनिन व ऎफ़ोपारोकिन के विचार व योगदान: अमिक संघवाद, श्रेणी समाजवाद, असाजकलतावाद, सामाजिक समाजवाद, लोकतात्रिक समाजवाद।

Section A (iii) Socialist Thought

Pre-Maxian Socialist Tradition : Ideas of Thomas Moore William
Section B
Ideas and contribution of Karl Marx; Lenin, Stalin and Mao

Section C
Ideas and Contribution of Prodhon, Bakunin and Kroptokin; Syndicalism Guild
Socialism, Anarchism, National Socialism, Democratic Socialism.

Recommended Books:
Alexander Gray: The Socialist Tradition, Marx to Lenin
Alterd G. Heyer: Leninism,
Edward Me Nall Lurns: Ideas in Conflict, Chapter V VI, VII
George Lichtheim : A Historical and Critical Study.
Joseph Schumpeter: Socialism in Evolution.
Dr. K. L. Kamal : समाजवादी चित्रण

प्राचीन भारतीय राजनीतिक चित्रण व संस्थाएं
A (iv) Ancient Indian Political Thought

Section A

Main features of Ancient Indian Political Thought; Its Philosophical Bases; Ancient Indian view of man and his relation to Society and State Political Ideas in Vedas; Political Ideas of Buddhists and Jains;

Section B

Political Ideas in Smrities and Epics-Manusmirthi, Yajnavalkya Smriti, Ramayan and Mahabharat (with special reference to Shantiparva).

Section C

Arthashastra of Kautilya, Sukranitsar and Sorn Dèvs Neeti Vakyamritam;

Recommended Books

R.C. Majumdar, History and Culture of Indian People, (11 volumes), Calcutta, 1956
A.S. Atekekar, State and Government in Ancient India, Motilal Banarasidas, 1966
A. Appadurai, : Indian Political Thinking, Oxford Press,
Dr. R.G. Chaturvedi and Dr. Inakshi Chaturvedi: Yajnavalkya Smriti, The code of Laws by Yajnavalkya Smriti.
A(V) Modern Indian Political Thought.

Section A

Philosophy of Nationalism and Political Evolution; Social Regeneration: Ideas of Ramniohan Roy, Dayanand Saraswati, Vivekanand.

Section B

Ideas and contribution of Gopal Krishan Gokhale, Bal Gangadhar Tilak, Aurbindo, V.D. Savarkar and Lajpat Rai and Deen Dayal Upadhyaya.

Section C


Recommended Books:

G. Onyelt, Dalits and the Democratic Revolution : Dr. Ambedkar & Dalit Movement in Colonial India, New, Delhi, Sage,1994.
T. Pantham & K. Deustch, Political Thought in Modern India, New Delhi, Sage, 1986.

स्नातक स्तर विभाग: प्रमुख भारतीय राजनीतिक विचारक, कॉलेज देव, भारतीय राजनीतिक विचारक, समाजवादी भारतीय मूल विचारक, राजस्थान विश्वविद्यालय, जयपुर (हिंदी व अंग्रेजी)
ए.आर.के. अवस्था व आर.के.अवस्था: भारतीय राजनीतिक विचारक, रिसर्च परिक्षा, जयपुर
A (vi) Gandhian Political Thought

Section-A

Formative influence; Evolution of Gandhi’s ideas and activism; Experiments in South Africa; Metaphysical foundations of Gandhi’s ideas; Truth; Ahinsa; Gandhian Technique Satyagraha; End & Means.

Section-B.


Section-C

Gandhi’s view of State and Government; Gandhian model of polity; Marx, Mao and Gandhi-Alternative for social change; Vinoba, Martin Luther King (Jr.) and Gandhi; Gandhian frame-work for peace and conflict resolution.

Books Recommended:

Murty V.V. Raman: Essential Writings of Gandhi.
Dadhich, Naresh “Gandhi and Existentialism”, Rawat Publications, Jaipur, 1993
Dadhich, Naresh; “Women, Conflict Resolution and culture: Gandhian Perspective”, Aavishkar Publishers, Jaipur, 2003,
Dadhich, Naresh; “Non-Violence, Peace and Politics: Understanding Gandhi”, Aavishkar
Section

Socialism I from Marx: Edward Bernstein, Karl Kautsky; Lenin, Trotsky, Stalin and Mao; French Syndicalism; Fabian Socialism; Guild Socialism; anarchism: revolutionary and Philosophical; Democratic Socialism. Revolt against Reason - William Mc Doughal.
Harold Larold Lasswell, Emile Durkheim; Vilfredo Pareto.

Section B

Pluralism and State Sovereignty; Fascism-Graham wallas and Hareld Lash; Modern Political Theory Nature and Scope of Political Science- Changing perspectives with special reference to Lasswell, Deutch and Easton the behavioural revolution.

Section C

Contemporary Political Theory Charles Merriam Arthur Benfly David Easton; Almond; Lasswell. The Communication Theory and decision - making theory (Karl Deutch and Snyder) Post Behaviouralism.

Main streams of contemporary political thought Oaks Hott Hannah Arendt Nisbet Eric Vogegeim J P Satre Rawls and C B Macpherson: Herbert Marcuse.

Recommended Books:

Alexander Gray: Socialist Tradition (from Marx to Lenin) Eugene J. Meejhan;
Contemporary Political Theories F.W. Coker: Recent Political Thought Gould and Thursda : Contemporary Political thought Harbert Dean The Political Ideas of Harold Laski.

James C. Charlesworth (ed.) Contemporary Political Analysis, Free Press Lansaster Masters of Political Thought Hegal to Deway.

Merriam and Barnes : A History of Political Theories : Recent times.
B (i) Public International Law

Section-A

Nature and Scope of International Law, Sources of International Law, Relation between International law and Municipal Law, Various theories. Historical Evolution and Factors helping the growth of International Law, Emergence of Super powers and Countries of the Ill World and their impact on International Law, different schools of International Law. Codification of International Law.

Section-B

The Law of peace: States Sovereign States and partly Sovereign States; Neutralized States. State Territory; modes of acquisition and loss of State territory; States Succession; Recognition of States. Self-Defence; Intervention; Doctrine of necessity and self preservation. Subject of International Law-States and Individuals, Nationality; Diplomatic Agents and Consuls; International responsibility of. States, Treaties. Jurisdiction: Limits on State's Jurisdiction, Asylum and Ex-tradition. International organization History, League of Nations; Permanent Court of Justice; International Court of Justice; Leading Cases; United Nations and its contribution to International Law Settlement of International Disputes: Amicable and compulsive.

Section-C
Laws of War: Definition and nature of war; Declaration of War; Effects of War: Modes of termination of War, Belligerency and Insurgency; Enemy Character of person, Property, Corporation etc., Warfare on land. Billigerto occupation etc.; Warfare on sea; Prizes Courts; Aerial Warfare and nuclear warfare; War Crimes; Doctririe of Posthrninum; The Law of Neutrality : Neutrality its definition and kinds : Evolution of Neutrality: Neutrals and belligerents. Duties of neutrals and belligerents; Angary; Blockade and contraband. Unneutral service and Right of Visit and search; Doctrine of Continuous voyage.

Books Recommended:

Oppenheim: International Law: Vols. I and II.
Fenwick: International Law.
Stark: International Law.
Kelson : Principles of International Law.
Gould: An Introduction to International Law.
Frendman: The changing structure of International Law.
Nagendra Singh: Recent Trends in the Development to International Law.
Vasscher: Theory and Reality in International Law.
Arun Chaturvedi : Contemporary diplomatic in contemporary International relations.
Pitt Cobbet: Case on International Law.
Green: International Law through Cases.

शील कान्ता आसोपु: अंतर्राष्ट्रीय विधि
पमपी, टप्पन: अंतर्राष्ट्रीय विधि
एस.से. कपुर: अंतर्राष्ट्रीय विधि
अरमण चतुर्वेदी : विमलेनु तामासु. नए राष्ट्र व अंतर्राष्ट्रीय विधि
समूह—ब राजनय के सिद्धांत व बाबहार

खण्ड—क
राजनय की उत्पत्ति, प्रकृति, विकास व उद्देश्य, राष्ट्रीय सहित के उपकरण, साधन के स्तर में राजनय का क्रम विकास, राजनयकीय आचार का क्रम विकास, राजनय की पुरातनी, समूह, इतिहासव व प्राचीनी पद्धतियाँ, राजनय की भाषात्मक पद्धति, संस्कृतियाँ, दर्शनकार्यों व नीतिशास्त्रों का महत्त्व, राजनय के कार्य, राजनयकीय अभिलेख श्रेणियाँ, विशेषतावर्गीकरण व उनमुक्तियाँ, तीन राज्य के संदर्भ में स्थिति, राजनयकीय निकाय, अप्रति के सिद्धांत, प्राप्त यत्र व पुण्यधिकार, आदर्श राजनययाच।

खण्ड—ख
राजनय के प्रकार— प्रजातात्त्विक राजनय, संसदीय राजनय,सहकार राजनय, समरक्षनीय राजनय, वैकालिक व साहित्यकीय राजनय, पुरातन व नवीन राजनय, राजनय की नई प्रवृत्तियों तथा अबुंदालन विकास, गुट-निर्धेक्षण का राजनय, संयुक्त राष्ट्र संघ में राजनय, आधुनिक राजनय में प्रवाह, वर्तमान व शास्त्र के दौरान राजनय, भारतीय राजनय, वाणिज्यवस्तु व उनके कार्यः

खण्ड—ग
अन्तरराष्ट्रीय बैठकें व संयुक्तहार, संविधान: स्वयं उद्देश्य व वर्गीकरण, संविधान व उनके विषयन पद्धति—अप्रतिपति विषय (प्रारंभक्षेत्र), अपर-आनुक्रम (एसिस्टेंट और आदिक), वृत्त-सार (स्थानक एसिस्ट), अवधिपत (पार्टस एडिक), अवधिपत (मूल्यीकरण), अवधिपत (प्रस्तुति), अवधिपत (प्रवेश) तथा समाप्ति (समाप्ति), राजनयकीय संयुक्तहारों की भाषा तथा प्रभावों का प्रभाव, राजनय का महत्व व परिवर्तनशील भूमिका, राजनय का भूमिका, विदेशवासी व राजनय, विदेश सेवाएं व विदेश कार्यकारी—भारत के विदेश मंत्रालय के संगठन व कार्यों के विषय संदर्भ में।

Group B (ii) Theory and Practice of Diplomacy

Section-A

Origin, Nature, Development, Objectives of Diplomacy, Evolution of Diplomacy as a weapon and tool of National Power; Evolution of Diplomatic practices; Greek, Roman, Italian and French Schools of Diplomacy; Indian School of Diplomacy—Constitution of Smritis; Epics and Neetigranthas; Functions of Diplomacy; Diplomatic Agents - Classes, Privileges and Immunities, Position with regard to Third State; Diplomatic body; Principles of Precedence, Credentials and full power; Ideal Diplomat.

Section-B

Types of Diplomacy: Democratic Diplomacy, Parliamentary Diplomacy, Summit Diplomacy, Conference Diplomacy, Personal and Coalition Diplomacy. Old Diplomacy and Diplomacy; New Technique's and recent Development in Diplomacy; Diplomacy of Non-alignment; UN Diplomacy; Propaganda in Modern Diplomacy; Diplomacy during war and peace; Indian Diplomacy; Consular Agents and their functions.

Section-C

International Meetings and transactions; Treaties; Forms, Objectives and Classifications; Treaties and their different aspects—Concordat, Additional Articles, Final Act, Process Verbal, Ratification; Accession; Reservation and termination; Language of Diplomatic Intercourse and form of Documents. Significance and changing Role of Diplomacy; Future of Diplomacy; Foreign Policy and Diplomacy; Foreign Service

Asst Registrar (Acad-I)
University of Rajasthan
and Foreign Office with special reference to the Organisation and Functions of the Ministry of External Affairs in India.

**Recommended Books:**

Nicholson Diplomacy
Saltow: Guide to Diplomatic Practice.
Pamiltar: Principles and Practice of Diplomacy.
Roy M.P.: Rajnay Siddhant and Vyavahar (Hindi Granth Academy, Jaipur)
H. C. Sahrma: राजनय: सिद्धांत और व्यवहार
Krishnamurthhy: Dynamics of Diplomacy.
Thayer: Diplomat.
Regalia: Trends in Diplomatic Practice.
Arun Chaturvedi: Con. Diplomatic law in contemporary Int. relations.
अरुण चतुर्वेदी: नये राज्य व अंतरराष्ट्रीय विभि
विमलेन्द्र तापस आर.श्री. दायनेश्वर राजनय के सिद्धांत और व्यवहार
Group B (iii) Foreign Policies of USA, India, China & Pakistan

Section-A
An overview of international relation since 1945; Approaches to the study of foreign policies, elements of foreign policy; foreign policy in the context of World Wars, foreign aid, Nuclear Proliferation and geopolitics,


Section-B
India's Foreign Policy: Determinants; Theory and Practice of nonalignment; relation with the west; Role in the Commonwealth; relations with China and other neighbours; Changing patterns of relationship with USA, Role in United Nations and World peace; India's role in South Asia.

Section-C
People's Republic of China's Foreign Policy: The National and ideological Components; the Sino-American Relations; policy in Asia, Africa and Latin America, Impact of the collapse of USSR on Chinese foreign policy. Foreign Policy of Pakistan: Determinants, Challenges and Priorities.

Recommended Books
Macridis: Readings in Foreign Policies.
WW. Rostow: The United States in the World Arena.
George Kennan: Soviet Foreign Policy under Lenin & Stalin.
Warner Levi: Modern China's Foreign Policy.
V.P. Vutt: Chinese Foreign Policy.
I.C. Kundra: Indian Foreign Policy 1947-54.
Jawahar Lal Nehru: India's Foreign Policy.
H.K. Jacobson(ed): America's Foreign Policy.
Dr. M.L. Sharama: अन्तरराष्ट्रीय संबंध
Group-B (iv) West Asia in World Affairs

Section-A

- Geo-political environment: Interests and policies of major powers; Britain, United States and the East While Soviet Union; Post-War Developments and Politics by the Northern Tier-Regional and International Organization. Military Alliance and the Response of the Northern Tier Countries-Turkey, Iran, Afghanistan and Pakistan.

The Arab Politics-Neutralism-Pan Islamism-Anti-Zionism; Oil Producing and Non-oil Producing Arab States and their role in West Asian Politics.

Section-B

Gulf Politics-Pre-british withdrawal situation; British withdrawal and regional and super-power rivalry for hegemony in the gulf, Arms build up and its impact on Gulf politics and the West Arabian politics.

Oil Politics-Role of oil in the politics of West Asia; 1973 Arab-Israel War; Use of oil as political weapon and its impact on World Politics; Gulf War and its impact of West Asian and world politics; Role of U.S.A. in West Asia,

Section-C

The Politics of the Palestinian Liberation Movement; Palestinians and the Human Rights; their position Vis-a-Vis Arab States; The Labaneseistis; The role of P.L.O. in West Asian Politics.
Politics of Islamic Revivalism and its impact on regional politics.

Specific country studies-Israel, Turkey, Iran, Egypt-Evolution of political system, Major characteristics of the political systems of these countries, Participation, Political legitimacy, Socio-economics infrastructure, Army, Bureaucracy, Political Parties and Foreign Policy.

Recommended Books:

J. C : Middle East Politics : The Military Dimension.


Chadduri, Majid : Political Trends in the Arab World : The Role of Ideas and Ideals.

Frankel, William A: Israel Observed.

Lewis Bernard: The Emergency, of Modern Turkey.

Sheel Kanta Asopa: Oil, Arms and Islam in the Gulf.

Group-B (v) Government and Politics of South East Asia including Australia

Section-A

Historical Background: Pre-European Political Heritage; the Western; National Movements; Emergence into Freedom. Early political developments; Experiments in Constitution making: Nature of present Governments: Public administration and Local, Governments; Political processes; Political parties, pressure group, decision-making, elections.

Section-B


Section-C

Patterns of Alignment and Non-Alignment, Relation with Major World Powers, Relations with Asian countries, Problems and prospects of regional unity, ASEAN, South East Asia’s role in World Affairs.

Recommended Books:

T. Kahin : Government and Politics of South East Asean; South East Asia.
Saul Rose : Politics of Southern Asia.
P. Harrison : South East Asia, A short History (1954).

Selected Journals:

Asian Survey.
Journals of Asian Studies.
Pacific Affairs.
Orbis.
Current History.
Section A


Section B


Section C

International Obligation to Protect Human Rights. ( Indian Perspective on Human Rights)
The Universal Declaration of Human Rights, 1948.

समूह ब (vi) HUMAN RIGHTS IN INDIA : RIGHTS AND DUTIES

खण्ड - क

मानवाधिकार एवं भारतीय संविधान, मानवाधिकार एवं राजविधि, मानवाधिकार की सांस्कृतिक भूमि, मानवाधिकारों की संबंधित क्षेत्र, एवं अधिकार एवं कर्त्तव्यों के राज-संबंध।

खण्ड - ख

मानव भावना: सांस्कृतिक, सांस्कृतिक, मानवाधिकार, न्याय एवं समानता भारतीय संविधान अनुसार 32 तथा 226, विशेषता मानवाधिकार, मानव अधिकार एवं विषय विषय। बुधवार भवन: मानवाधिकार, कानून वर्ग, विषय एवं विशेषताओं। गैर सरकारी संगठनों एवं मीडिया का मानव अधिकार की विषय में भूमिका।

खण्ड - ग

मानवाधिकार संविधान में अनुसूचित क्षेत्र (मानव अधिकारों के भारतीय परिवेश में) मानवाधिकारों का सांस्कृतिक प्रयोगान्तर, 1948, मानव अधिकार संविधान कानून 1993, राष्ट्रीय विशेष अधिकार, भारत में मानव अधिकार आयोग, राज्य मानवाधिकार आयोग, जिला मानवाधिकार न्यायालय, मानव अधिकार के सूचना और समर्थन के गया संबंध।

Recommended Books:

Leah Levin Plantu: Human Rights, National Book Trust, India
Rhona K.M. Smith: International Human Rights, Oxford
Elisabeth Reichert: Challenges in Human Rights, Rawat Publications
Jashal S. Parak Jith, Jashal Nishtha: Human Rights and Law, APH Publishing Corporation
Sen Sankar: Human Rights in Developing Society, APH Publishing Corporation

राजस्थान राज्य सरकार: मानव अधिकार, विविध सांस्कृतिक प्रकाश

Asstt. Registrar (Acad-I)
University of Rajasthan
JAIPUR
Group B (vii) International Organization

Section-A

The General and Basic Assumption of International Organisation Definition, Classification, Extent, Purpose, Powers, Different Approaches to International Organisation; Developments, before the First World War.

The League System.


The Inter War Efforts—The Dumbarton Oaks Conference, Yalta and San Francisco Conference and the genesis of the United Nations.

Section-B

Basic Principles and Major Organs of the United Nations : Need for reforms.

Section-C

The legal organisation - Legal Developments before 1945, the charter as in instrument of International Law-Role of International Court of Justice- International Law Commission.

Regional Organisations, Multipurpose Regional Organizations, U.N. Regional Commissions.

Role of International Organisations in the developments of new International Order, promotion of Human Rights, Development of Human Welfare.

India and the various international organisations; India's Role in the United Nations: Resolving, Conflicts and Crises, promotion of Human Rights, decolonization, peace-keeping. Arms Control and Nuclear Proliferation.

Recommended Books:


Bailey Sydney: The General Assembly of the UN-A, study of procedure and Practice.


Group B-(viii) Government and Politics in South Asia

The paper would broadly cover the following topics depending on their, Presence in the Political system under study and that also with a comparative relevance.

Section-A

Landmarks in Constitutional and Political development, Ecology and Political culture, Elements, Nature and extent of change.

Nature of political systems.

The outline of the Constitutional frame work.

Section-B

Political Institutions and Processes: Political Parties, Pressure Groups : elections, Foreign policy.

Section-C

Economic Development and Social Change.

Nature of Politics : Style and Determinants.

Recommended Books:

N. Palmer: Indian Political System
Khalid Bin Sayeed : The Political System of Pakistan.
Howard Wriggins : Ceylon-Dilemas of a New Nation.
Morris Jones : Government and Politics of India.
Karl Von Vorys : Political Development in Pakistan.
V.R. Mehta: Ideology: Modernisation and Politics India.
Group C: Public Administration

Section-A

Evolution of Indian Administration; British influence and its regaci

Constitutional System and Indian Administration: working parliamentary democracy and regional development, Federalism. Indi Administration with social reference to economic planning and role Finance Commission.

Study of organisation and working of the Central Administration with special reference to Cabinet secretariat and working arid internal organisatic of the Ministries of Home, External Affairs and Finance. Outline study of Administration at the State level with special reference to the Secretariat, Secretarial-Directorate Relationship.

Section-B

A detailed study of District Administration in India, the role of Divisional Commissioner, Collector and other officials, District Level Revenue Administration, Development Administration and Panchayati Raj, The Emerging patterns.

Administration of Public enterprises in India, A detailed study of the various patterns of Management Problems, and prospects.
Indian Bureaucracy: Its nature and problems, recruitment, training, service conditions, employer-employee relations, the problems of All India and State Services with special-reference to relationship between generalist and specialist, Control over Administration in India: Parliamentary, Ministerial and Judicial, citizen and Administration, Institution ofLokpal and Lokayukta.

Section-C

Financial Administration-formulation of budget, approval of budget and execution of budget, Parliamentary control over finance, controller and Auditor General of India.

Economic Planning and Indian Administration: Organization and role of Planning Commission in India, role of National Development Council, Administrative improvement in view of the challenges of economics planning, Efforts for Administrative Reforms in India.

Recommended Books

Ashok Chanda: Indian Administration.
Secretariat Training, Organisational Set-up and Functions Government of India.
Paul: Re-examination of India's Administrative system (Government of India 1956).
S.S. Khera : District Administration in India (Asia, 1963).
Sharma P.D. Police & Political Development in India.
Sharma P.D. Police & Political Order in India.
Inakshi Chaturvedi: Civil Service under the Indian Constitution.
M. Rathanaswami :Some influences that made the British Admin. System in India.
Dodwoll Cambridge History of India.
K. Santhanam : Union-State Relation in India.
Amal Ray : Inter-Government Relations in India.
Ashok Chanda : Federalism in India.
P. Dwarka Dass : Service Role of High Civil Service in India.
Paul A. Appleby: Public Administration for a Welfare State.
Group-C (ii) Comparative Public Administration

Section-A

Meaning, nature and significance of comparative Public Administration; Evolution of the Study of Comparative Public Administration with special reference to the contributions of W. Riggs, Salient features of administrative systems in developed and developing societies.

Public Administration and Environmental, economic, cultural and political Approaches; Methods to the study of comparative Public Administration: Structural-Functional, Ecological, Behavioural and Systems.

Section-B


Political Executives in U.K. France, U.S.A.

Section-C


Citizens and Administration : A Comparative Study of machinery or the removal of citizen’s grievances.

Recommended Books:

Siffin : Towards the Comparative Study of Public Administration.

Riggs : The Ecology of Administration.

Mackenzie and Grove: Central Administration in Britain.

Herman Finer: Governments of Great European Powers.

Blondel and Ridley : Public Administration in France.
Riggs: Administration in Developing Countries, Theory of Prismatic Society.

Head and Stockes: Papers in Comparative Public Administration.

Keith M. Henderson: Emerging Synthesis in American Public Administration.

Millet: Government and Public Administration.

Fainsoo: How Russia is Governed.

Dimock: Government in Action.

Presthus and Pfiffner: Public Administration (1960 ed.)

Lepawasky: Administration.

Schapiro: Planning in USSR.

Selected Journals

Administrative Science Quarterly.

International Review of Administrative Sciences
Group C (iii) Local Government in India and Abroad

The following topics are to be studied with reference to India, U.S.A. and France.

1. Importance of Local Government in Modern State.
2. Organisational Structure of local bodies, deliberative, executive wings. Functional Span, Local Authority.
4. Relationship with the State (Supervision and Control).

Recommended Books:

Mac Donald: American Cities.
E. Agran: Municipal Government in India.
M.P. Sharama: Local Self Government in India.
P.T.C. Champan: Local Government in India. Herman Finer: English Local Government.
c a Mohit Bhattacharya: Municipal Government & Problems.
Bharnbhar, C.P. Municipalities and Their Finances.
Sharma, P.D. Rural Local Administration.
Mac Donald: Country Government in America.
W. Anderson: Local Government in Europe.
C.M. Harris: Comparative Local Government.
H.D. Malviya: Panchayats in India.
Tinker: Local Self-Government in India.
Central & State Government Reports of Local Self-Govt.
H. C. Sharma: Bharat main Sthaniya Prashshan.
S.R. Maheshwarj: Local Government in India.
Selected Journals:
2. Civil Affairs (Kanpur).
Group C (iv) District Administration in India with special reference to Panchayati Raj.

Section A

Evolution of District Administration in India; Characteristics and significance of district administration; origin and evolution of Panchayati Raj since ancient are to post-independence; B.R. Mehta Committee report and its implementation in difference states; Different models of Panchayati Raj in various states.

Section B

Organisational structure of District administration; Functions and role of District collectors in Revenue; Regulatory and development field; Relationship of District Collector with district. Level functionaries; Structural patterns and working of Panchayati Raj in Institutions in Pijasthan at district, block and village levels.

District planning machinery and planning process; Districts Rural Development Agency; Machinery for the redressal of public Grievances at the district; Role of Divisional Commissioner in maintenance of standards of services, maintenance of law and order, development activities carried out by District Administration Panchayati Raj institution.

Section-C

District collector and Panchayati Raj; official-Non official relationship under Panchayati Raj Systems; Autonomy and control over Panchayati Raj institutions, Problem areas and need for reforms of district administrations and Panchayati Raj institutions; Emerging trends in district administration and Panchayat Raj. Administrative chemes: MGNRGA.
Recommended Books:

MG. Shukia: Administrative Problems of Public Enterprises in India.
D.R. Gadgil: Planning & Economic Policy in India.
A. Ghosh: New Horizons in Planning.
B. Mukherjee: Community Development in India.
M. Bhattacharya: Municipal Government.
S.S. Khera: District Administration. R.B. Jain and T.N. Chaturvedi: District Administration in India.
A.D. Gorwala: Report on Efficient Conduct of State Enterprises in India.
Malenbaum: Prospects of Indian Development.
Balvant Rai Mehta Committee Report.
Report on the Working of Panchayati Raj in India.
C-(v) Social Change and Administration of Law and Order in India.

Section-A

Theories of Social Changes; Political change and democratic growth in a developing Society; Divisive and violent forces of disorder, direction and Strategies of Social Change in India.

Section-B

Administrative Machinery for Law and Order; History of Police in India; Indian Police, Act, 1861; Union, State and local level organization of Indian Police; Police-Personnel Administration; Problems of Constabulary.

Section-C

Police and Political disorders in India; Communal Violence; Labour troubles; youth unrest-Atrocities on women and Harijans and Weaker Sections; issues involved in Policing a disorderly society.

Police and Political System; Police and the Community; Police and Social Legislation; Police and Civil liberties; Police Judiciary relations.

Direction of Social Changes; Social Change and Political Leadership; Need for reform in police.

Books Recommended:

Sharma RD. Police and Political order in India. . Madan, J. C.: Indian Police
Daya Krisha6an towards a Theory of Social Change.
Sethi and Kukar: Admn. of Law and Order in India.
C-(vi) Administrative Thinkers

Students are expected to make a critical study of the writings and contribution made by the following five Administrative Thinkers to the development of administrative Theory-classical as well as modern. The texts mentioned against their names are to be specially dutied for evaluation of their contribution India: Henri Fayol, C.R. Bernard, F.W. Taylor, Herbert Simon and D. Mc. Gregor.

Original Writings

Henri Fayol (हेनरी फैयॉल) : General and Industrial Management; C.R.

Bernard (बनार्ड) : The Functions of the Executive and Principles of Scientific Management.

Herbert Simon (हर्बर्ट सिमन) : Administrative Behaviour; D. Mc. Gregor (डी. मेक ग्रेगर) : The Human side of the Enterprise.

Other Recommended Books:

S.L. Verma : प्रशासनिक विचारधाराएं भाग 1 व 2

Group: D - Government and Politics

Section-A


Section-B

Sociological context of the politics of developing areas: problem of change and modernization in developing societies role of tradition, ideology and industrialization in change; Institutionalization of change and its media modernization; Social change and Political development.

Section-C

Political parties; pressure and interest groups. Political elite: their recruitment and role in Modernization and Political development Bureaucracy; development administration; Problem in induced change. Military and Political Development

The Economic Context of Political Development.

Problem of National Identity and Political Integration; and Foreign Policy.
Books Recommended:


Joseph L. A. Palambara and Myron Weinere: Political Parties and Political Development.


Gabriel A. Almond and James S. Coleman (Eds.): The Politics of Developing Area.

Rajni Kothari: Politics in India.

Philip Mason (Ed.): Unity and Diversity: India and Ceylon.
Group: D (ii) Political System in Developing Countries.

Section A
Theory of the politics of developing areas. Landmarks in constitutional development. Ecology and political culture; Elements, nature and extent of change, Nature of Political system.

Section B
The outline of the Constitutional framework. Governmental Institutions. Political institutions and processes: Political parties, Pressure groups and election.

Section-C
Foreign Policy.
Economic development and social change.
Nature of Political Style and determinants.

Books Recommended:
Ward and Marcides: Modern Political Systems.
Harold S. Cugley: Japanese Government and Politics.
David Apter: Ghana in Transition.
Oskar Graines: Govt. and Politics in Israel.
Government and Politics of West Asia. (Thrkey, Iran, Iraq, Egypt and Israel)

Section A
Introduction to the region; History; socio-economic profiles; Inhlitaib background; Rold of Geography; Suez canal and oil; Islamic Fundamentalism and West Asian Politics. Short History and constitutional Systems in Turkey, Iran, Iraq, Egypt and Israel; Problems of domestic Politics; Political parties, pressure group and Public opinion; Leadership patterns.

Section B
Political Ideology in west Asia-Pan Arabism-Nationalism-Communism, Military and ideology-Role of Islam in West Asian Politics; Recent developments.

Section C
Foreign Policies of West Asian Countries; U.S.A. and Gulf Politics; Indian Foreign Policy and West Asia-Role of West Asia in World Affairs.
Major issues in the Politics of West Asia : The future trend and perspectives.

Books Recommended:
Lenezowski, G; The middle : East in World Affairs.
Fisher, W.B. : The Middle East, A Physical, Social and Regional Geography.
Royal Institute of International Affairs, British Interest in the Mediterranean and Middle East; A. Report of a Chatham House Study Group. -
Laquer Walter Z. (Ed.): Communism and Nationalism in the Middle East.
Thomas, Lewis V. and Frye. : The United States and Turkey Iran.
Karput KeCal, H. Turkey's Politics : Transition to a Murly-Party System.
Kilic, Alternur: Turkey's World (Washington).
Lenexowski. George : Russla and West in Iran.
Egypt’s : Liberations : The Philosophy of Revolution.
Sheel Kanta Asopa : Oil, Arins and Islam in Gulf.
Eban Abba : Voice of Israel.
Lenexski George: Oil and State in the Middle East.
Shwardran, Benjamin: The Middle East Oil and the Great Power.

Group: D (iv): Government and Politics of Latin America with special reference to Political System of Argentina, Brazil, Mexico, Cuba and Chile.

Section A
Theory of the Politics of developing areas; Landmarks in constitutional d political development; Ecology and political culture; elements. nature d extent of change. Nature of political system.

Section B
The constitutional framework; Political institutions and process Political irties, Pressure group and Elections.

Section C
Foreign Policy
Economic development and social change.
Nature of Politics : Style and determinants.

An introduction to the institutions and processes of the Canadian Political System: dominant ideas; federalism, parliamentary government and party system and their interaction with regionalism and linguism.

Books Recommended:

S. Van London & M.S. Whiltington : The Canadian Political Systeir
I.R. Mallory: The Structure of Canadian Govt.
Peter Meekison: Canadian Federalism Myth or, Reality.
D.V Smilley: Chanda in Question : Federalism in the eighties.
R. Punnet: The Prime Minister in Canadian Government and Politic
S. Winn and J. Memenenly : Political Parties in Canada.
Group E. Indian Government & Politics

E (i). Modern Indian Political Thought.
(Syllabus as in paper (v) of Group A. i.e. Political Theory).

(iii) भारत में राष्ट्रीयक सिद्धांत के प्रस्तुत (b) हेतु निबंधित पाठ्यक्रम

(iii) Public Administration in India.
(Syllabus as in Paper I of Group C. i.e. Public Administration)

(iii) भारत में सामाजिक परिवर्तन तथा कानून व व्यवस्था प्रशासन (समूह सहलोक प्रशासन के प्रस्तुत (i) हेतु 
निबंधित पाठ्यक्रम)

E (iii) Social Change and Administration of Law and Order in mdi, (Syllabus as in paper (v) of Group (C) Public Administration)
Section-A

Background: Trend in the go'th Of Nationalism and Democracy British, India and Princely States; Linguistic States-Structure-Organization and aftermath.

Section-B

Constitutional Framework of Governance of States: Office of the Governor, Chief Minister and council of Ministers, State Legislature; Political Parties and general elections; the pattern of party alliances; gains and short- fl 1 in general elections; Patterns of leadership in states.

Section-C

Major Pressure Groups in India with special reference to Trade Unions

Chambers of Commerce; Public opinion in India; the Media its role and impact; Role of Caste, Region and language in State Politics.

Recommended Books:

Iqbal Narain & Other (Eds.) : State Politics in India.
Ganvile Austin: The Indian Constitution :Comer Stone of a Nation.
VP. Menon : The Story of the Integration of Indian States.
A.R. Desai : Social Background of Indian Nationalism.
Harish Chandra : Bharat main Rajyon ki Rajneeti.
Rajni Kothari & others : Party System and Election Studies.
R.L. Hardgrave : The Dravidian Movement.
Ramkrishan Nair : How the Communists Came to Power in Kerala.
G.K. Bhargava: After Nehru-India's New Image.
M.A. Ihangiani : Jana Sangh and Swatantra.
E.M.S. Nambodripad : The National Question in Kerala.
L.P. Sinha : The Left in India.
Siession : The Congress Party in Rajasthan...
Section A

National Political Parties: Origin, the pattern of programmes and general elections; structure and organization and Changing role of Election Commission of India.

Regional Political Parties. Their origin, the change in pattern of their programme through the sixteen general elections-structure and organization.

Section B

Political Parties and general election, the pattern of alignments, gains and shortfalls through the general elections.

Section C

Major pressure groups in India with a special reference to Trade Unions, Chamber of Commerce, Public opinion in India, the role of media in its formation and expression.

Recommended Books:

Myron Weiner-Party System in India.
Myron Weiner-Politics of Scarcity.
Myron Weiner-State Politics in India.
L.P. Sinha-The Left in India.
VM. Sirsar-Political Behaviour in, India.
R.L. Hargrav-The Dravidian Movement.
Richard L. Park & Tinker-Leadership and Political Institution in India.
G.D. Over street & Marshall Windnoller-Communism in India.
S.L. Popali-National Politics and 1957 Elections in India.
M. Pattambhiram-General Elections in India, 1967.
Rajni Kothari-Caste in Indian Politics.
Rajni Kothari-Politics in India-
E (vi) Indian Politics

Section-A

Section-B

Section-C
Constitution Making, Political Parties Electoral Politics; Salient Features of Indian Planning, Determinants of Power, Structure of Capital, labour and Bureaucracy; Politics of land reforms and peasant movements; Democratic decentralization and Panchayati Raj; Role of various Ideologies.

Recommended Books:

Sunit Sarkar : Modern Indian (1885-1947).
F. Frankel The Political Economy of India.
M.N. Srinivas :.Social Change in Moderii India.
A. R. Desai: Social Background of Indian Nationalism.
Ravindra Kumar : Essays on Gandhian Politics.
Jawahar Lal Nehru Autobiography.
Rajni Kothan: Politics in India.
IL A.R. Desai : Peasants Struggle in India.
V.R. Mehta : Ideology Modernization & Politics in India.
Group F (i) Modern Sociological Analysis:

Section A


Social Relationship; Social Unit Act, Social Interaction.

Section B

Social System: Distinction between personality system and social System. Group : Typology of groups. Reference group, Society as a Social system. Functional requisites of society. Functional interchanges between different sub-systems. Social Stratification : Universal Stratification; Cast; and Class and Social Stratification in India.

Section C

Social Process: Institutionalization Socialization (Social control).
(a) Competition and Conflict.
(b) Social Change; Social change in India.

Recommended Books:

Alex Inkcie: What is Sociology?
Harry M. Johnson: Sociology A Systematic Introduction.
M (Hindi translation by Yogesh Atal).
Harion J. Levy : The Structure of Society.
T.B. Bottomore; Sociology (Hindi translatin by Upreti)
Theodore M. Mills : The Sociologyog Groups.
Wibert B. Moore: Social Change.
HalvinM. Tumin : Social Stratification.
Yogesh Atal: The Changing Frontiers of Caste (Chapter I)
Srinivas, M.N. : Social Change in Modern India; India-Social Structure.
Group F (II) Social Anthropology

Section-A

Anthropology as a generalizing science of Man: / Branches of Anthropology. Its relations with Biological and Social fences.

Section-B

Biological Foundations of Culture:

Concept of Culture: Definition, Attributes, Integration of Culture w.figurational thematic and functional approaches.

Culture and personality,

Race, Language and Culture.

Section-C

Social Organization : 'Marriage Family and Kinship Variety of economic Organization in the Primitive World, Magic and Religion. Primitive Law and government:
The Indian Scene: glimpses of Tribal India, Social Structure of the Ilage. Anthropological approach to the complex cultures.

Applied Anthropology: Anthropology in Industry, Anthropology in administration, Anthropology and Sociology in Programme of Planned

Core Books

E.A. Hoebel: Man - the Primitive World.

John Beatie: Other Cultures.

Ralph Beals & Aarry Holijer: An - Introduction of Anthropology.


Mischa Titiv: She Science of Man.

D.N. Majumdar & T.N. Madan: An Introduction to Sociology

Shyama Charan: Many Aur Sanskrit (Hindi).

Yogesh Atal: Adivasi Bharat (Hindi).

A.R. Desai (Ed.): Rural Sociology in India.

Clyde Klukhon: Mirror for man.

Books Recommended:

A.L. Krocher: Anthropology.

Raymond Firth: Types Hanuman.


H. G. Mead: Cultural Patterns and Technical Change.

Group F (iii) Political Sociology

Section-A

Introducing Political Sociology: Political Sociology as Study of 1 Social bases of Politics. Growth of Political Sociology.

Models for the Analysis of Political Behaviour.

Normative Approach, System Approach.

Section-B

Parsons and Easton (General systems), Karl Deutsch (Information hory, Almond (Political Culture)


Nation-Building and National Integration (with special reference to India).

Section-C


Political Sociology in India: Survey of Research and Current Trends.

Recommended Books

S.M. Lipset: Political Man.
K.W. Deutsch: The Nerves of Government
Robert Dahl: Modern Political Analysis.
H. Eulter (Ed.): Political Behaviour.
H. Eular: Behavioural Persuasion in Politics.
Rajni Kothari: Politics in India.
H. Hyman: Political Socialization and Political Development.
D. Lerner: The Passing of Traditional Society.
Rajni Kothari (Ed.): Caste in Indian Politics.
Marion J. Levy: Modernization and the Structured Societies.
David Apter: The Political of Modernization.
Robert Michels: Political Parties.
Maurice Duverger: Political and Parties.
T.B. Bottomore: Elites and Society.
Myroni Weine: Party Politics in India.
Group- G (I) : Economic Policy and Administration

Section-A

Economic policy and planning in India: The Planning Commission, Planning and economic policy at the State level, especially in Rajasthan.

Section-B
Role of public enterprises in economic development, Organization and financing of public enterprises in India. Performance of public sector in India. Control of public enterprises with special reference to India.

Section-C
Government regulation and control of private enterprises in India. The field of Modern industry and foreign trade; Control of monopoly and economic concentration

Recommended Books:
U.N. : Planning for Economic Development:
Vol. II. Part 9, Studies Nos. 4 and 5.
A.H. Hanson : Management of Public Enterprises.
VV Kamanathan : Control of Public Enterprises.
Group G (ii): Public Finance:

Section - A

Meaning of Public The Budget its preparation and its form; relationship between the Annual Budgets and the plan. Control of Public expenditure in India; Meaning, Scope and purpose of performance budgeting: programme budgeting Economic and Functional classification. Role of public expenditure in development and developing countries : causes of Market literature ; Governments expenditure and growth; role of public enterprises, deduction of disparities inof consumption.

Section-B


Section-C

Problem of fiscal policy, Economic effects of balanced and unbalanced budgets. Stabilization policy, Choice between stability an4 growth; and between growth and redistribution of income, and Wealth.
Recommended Books:

James Cutt: Taxation and Economic Development in India.

Raja J. Chelliah: Fiscal Policy in Under-developed Countries.

Rama Bombwall: Federal financial Relations in Countries.

R.N. Bhargava: Indian Public Finance.

John F. Due: Government Finance:

Budget Documents including explanatory memoranda and Plan Budge Link.

NCAER - Economic and Functional Classification 1957-58.


Prem Chand: Control of Public Expenditure in India.

Prem Chand: Performance Budgeting.


Peterson: Income, Employment and Economic Growth.

Chapter on Public Finance.

N. Kaldar: India Tax Reform.
Group G (iii) Economic Growth and Planning:

**Section-A**

Under-developed economy—meaning and characteristics; Process of economic growth; Structural changes in the process of economics growth of developed and less-developed countries. 
Growth factors and their relative contribution to economic growth; National Resources; Manpower, Capital Technology Education, Banners to economic development.

**Section-B**

Theories of under-development; Colonialism and the Back Lash effects of International Trade Balanced and Unbalanced growth.

**Section-C**

Indian Planning: Strategy of development planning in India. Resources flization; Allocation of investment between the private and public sectors between Agriculture and Industry; A critical study of the current plans. of survey of economic planning in Rajasthan.

**Recommended Books:**
F. Hagen: The Economics of Development.
Higgins : Economic Development.
R.T. Holt and J.E. Turner: The Political Basis of Economic Development
Govt. of India Planning Commission a Plan Reports.
Group G. (iv) Elements of Statistics

Section-A


Section-B


Section-C


Annual Survey of Industry.


Recommended Books:


Government of India Central Statistical Organization: Statistical System in India.

Govt. of India Central Statistical Organization: Brochure on Revised Series of National Product, 1960–1 to the latest year available.

Govt. of India Ministry of Finance: First and Final Reports of National Income Committee, 1951 and 1958.

Govt. of India Ministry of Food and Agriculture: A guide to Current Agricultural Statistics, Revised Ed.

Govt of India, Directorate of Industries: Statistical Annual Survey of India (latest publication)


Govt of India, Labour Bureau: India Labour Gazetteer and other Publications.

Govt of India, Directorate of General Employment and Training Employment Review and other Publication.


Govt of India, Livestock Census (latest).


